Do You Receive These Wireless Messages?

They Are About Your Health.

"You are not quite well-take a dose of

is sent to your brain.

It says something like this:

illness, and so prove themselves

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS.

Excellent values at \$2 and \$2.50 a suft,

HOC HOC

In eeru colored cotton ribbed goods of unmatchable quality.

When your health goes the least bit wrong, a wireless message

Do you attend to these messages when you receive them?

You should do so. BEECHAM'S PILLS often prevent a serious

"WORTH A CUINEA A BOX."

Sold Everywhere in Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS.

You'll strike the happy medium,

In this middle-light underwear.

time for summer weight.

one extreme to the other.

Something to wear from now till

Avoiding the sudden change from

FOR

Sore Throat.

Coughs,

Colds.

Bronchitis.

FOR

Weak Lungs

And for painful

and sensitive parts

of the abdomen,

Allcock's Plasters

should be applied

as shown in illus-

Insist Upon Having

Allcock's.

tration.

REMEMBER-Allcock's Plasters have been in use over 55 years. hey are the original and genuine porous plasters and have never been qualled as a pain-curer. Guaranteed not to contain belladonna, opium rany poison whatever.

DRS. SHORES & SHORES, Expert Specialists, 249 South Main Street, Utah.

# SENATE KILLS BATCH OF BILLS

Johnson's Assessment Measure Is Among the Eight Slaughtered.

LONG LIST GOES THROUGH LIBRARY TAX PROPOSITION

QUICKLY GETS THE AX.

Senate committees have begun to do their own sifting, and yesterday sent eight measures to the scrap heap. The list killed by committees includes the following:

Senate concurrent resolution No. 2 by Lewis, requesting from the attorney general an opinion as to the state's lla-bility on bounty certificates fraudu-

Senate bill No. 37, by Rasband, re-

ing experiments in silk culture under the control of the experimental sta-tion of the Agricultural college. Favorable Committee Reports.

Favorable committee reports were adopted on the following:
House bill No. 77, by Hawley, relating to reports and settlements of coun-

relating to deputies and assistants of ounty, precinct and district officers. Senate bill No. 121, by Barber, allow-

Senate bill No. 78, by Johnson, amending sections 3064, 3065, 3066 and 3067, revised statutes, relating to at-Senate bill No. 127, by Lawrence, re-

lating to license for trading stamp

Senate bill No. 111, by Lawrence. creating a board to promote uniform legislation in the United States. House bill No. 108, by Marks, relating

Senate bill No. 60, by Callister, ap propriating \$17,500 additional for the use of experimental farms. House bill No. 128, by Dean, relating to the befouling of waters.
House bill No. 4, by Joseph, repealin

The recommendation in favor house bill No. 4, in connection with the killing of McKay's bill relating to silk culture, appears to make clear the dissition of the senate to stop all her experiments with silk in Utah.

Many Bills Passed.

The senate wasted no time vester Several bills were passed with out debate, and no measure drew out lengthy discussion. The list of meas-

erection of school houses.
Senate bill No. 113, by Rasband,

amending the "company store" law by prohibiting discrimination in ac-cepting time checks. Senate bill No. 89, by Hollingsworth, relating to present ownership maps. Senate bill No. 72, by Hollingsworth,

(companion bill to S. B. 39), changing time of making assessments from the cond Monday in January to the first Monday in February. nate concurrent resolution No. 3.

by Hollingsworth, providing for a com-mission of three persons to draft a measure for a uniform system of assessment and taxation. The commission is to report to the next legislature. A similar act was passed by the last legislature, but Governor Wells failed to name the commission.

Senate joint memorial No. 3, by Williams, asking for protection against adulterated and deleterious foods, me

dicines and drugs. Aimed at Collection Agency.

House bill No. 65, by McCrea, amending sections 3095 and 3096, revised stat-utes, relating to garnishment. The bill laymen in the crusade against vice is aimed at collection agencies and that is now in progress and at two others who summon witnesses not di-rectly interested. The new measure Church of the Holy Trinity and the provides that such witnesses shall be other, under the auspices of paid a fee of \$2, in default of which they are not required to testiry.

House bill No. 35, by Reborts, amending section 1905, revised statutes,

of boards of education. The enacting clause was sticken from house bill No. 110, by Roberts, on motion of Senator Bamberger. The bill amends section 1360, revised statutes, relating to annual tax for libra. ries, by raising the tax from one-third mill to one mill.

bill No. 42, by Wootton, the city government measure, reported in favor of the house amendment. The senate concurred in the amendment. This

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Scott's Emulsion

Scott's Emulsion Scott's Emulsion

Scott's Emulsion Scott's Emulsion

-the old story, told times without number and repeated over and over again for the last thirty years. But it's always a welcome story to those in need of strength and health. There's nothing in the world that steps wasting diseases as quickly as Scott's

We'll send you a sample, free

Emulsion.

which the city could enforce health regulations to one mile from the city limits. The senate amended the bill by extending the limit to twerve miles, in the hope of reaching the smelter smoke difficulty in this manner, but the house refused to stand for the change.

State Statistician DeMorsy was given permission to destroy a quantity of books, etc, too old to be of value to

W. H. Barnett, Liberated Recently, Returns to Penitentiary For 20 Years For Forgery.

W. H. Barnett, who recently finished serving a term of three years in the penitentiary, has been returned to that institution to remain twenty years, less the good time he may be credited with rough strict obedience to the prison

rules and regulations.

To Barnett's name is attached the alias W. H. Deming. When arraigned in the criminal division of the district Senate bill No. 37, by Rasband, requiring the state treasurer to deposit state moneys in the name of the state and to turn interest back into the state treasury.

Senate bill No. 48, by Johnson, requiring all property to be assessed for general taxes and preventing the introduiring all property to be assessed for general taxes and preventing the introduction of evidence to recover on prop-

## GRAND JURY IS DRAWN.

Men Named For Service at Ogden Session of Federal Court.

The grand jury for the United States district court session of Ogden was drawn yesterday, the term of court opens on March 15. The following names were secured as jurors: Henry J. Maiben of Provo, Thomas Carter of Nephi, Morgan Woodhouse of Lehi, R. M. Holt of Gale, B. W. Dixon of W. N. Rockhill of Spanish Fork, M. N. Whitesides of Layton, George H. Greenwell of Ogden, Joseph H. Allen of Layton, Sidney Stevens of Ogden, M. S. Ensign of Ogden, T. H. Cluff of N. S. Ensign of Ogden, T. H. Cluff of Sidney Warren Provo, Frank Davis of Salem, Warren Reynolds of Murray, A. A. Noon of Provo, Henry Welsh of Park City, J Senate bill No. 124, by Hollingsworth, relating to distance subpoena shall run.

C. Glover of Farmington, O. C. Lockhart of Park City, Edwin Pace of Bountiful, Lawrence Ferg of Brigham City, S. L. Chipman of American Fork and John C. Cutler, jr., of Salt Lake

Court Notes.

The case of Daniel Densley, jr. against the Union Pacific Railway company, in which damages are sought for the loss of sheep shipped over the de-fendant's road, is on trial before Judge Ritchie and a jury in the district court. Fred T. Rychel, charged with burgary, entered a plea of not guilty i Judge Armstrong's division of the dis-trict court yesterday.

Arguments in the case of F. C. Rutan

and Willard F. Snyder, respondents against Louis C. Huck, appellant, were oncluded in the supreme court yester lay. The case was then taken under

dvisement. The damage suit of Carl A. Ouasch against Salt Lake City and the Consoli-dated Railway & Power company is still on trial in the district court, before Judge Lewis and a jury.

will of the late Seth Talbot, jr. House bill No. 58, by Austin, creating office of the clerk of the district court. William E. Talbot, son of the dewas filed for probate yesterday in the orializing congress to cede to bond, and Mary E. Stanley and Clara the state lands in Strawberry valley for public park purposes.

Senate bill No. 82, by Walton, prohibiting school trustees from having a pequilary interest in contracts for the ceased, is given \$5,000, and the residue of the estate goes to Mary E. Stout and William E. Talbot, sister and son. William E. Talbot, sister and son

> NAN DREW A CROWD TO THE COURT ROOM

New York, Feb. 28.—Argument on the writs of habeas corpus and cer-tiorari obtained for Nan Patterson, was postponed today until tomorrow by Supreme Court Justice Gaynor. Miss Patterson appeared in high spirits. There was an immense crowd in and about the court house in Brooklyn when the prisoner arrived, and the scene so displeased Justice Gaynor that he only granted the request for postponement on the understanding that it would not be necessary to again bring Miss Patterson to court.

## DIVINE AID INVOKED TO CLEANSE PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, Feb. 28.-Divine aid Northwest Women's Christian Tem-perance Union, for all Christian men and women, prayers were offered for the civil betterment of the city and for all those in authority. Invitations relating to compensation of members city and over 200 of them were pres-

# REACHES WASHINGTON

(Special to The Herald.) Washington, Feb. 28.-Senator-elecnd Mrs. Sutherland reached here to ment house, where Senator Smoot makes his home. Senator Sutherland will remain here until the close of the special session of the senate, in which he will participate.

NO CONSTRUCTIVE RECESS

Senate Judiciary Committee Upholds the View of Senator Spooner.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The senate committee on the judiciary today, by adopting the views of Senator Spoon-er concerning recess nominations and what constitutes a recess of the sen ate, has declared that there can be no constructive recess. The decision, if it were given any legal standing by ac-tion of the senate, would affect the nominations of General Leonard Wood, Dr. W. D. Crum, collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., and 166 other nom-inations sent to the senate in the infinitesmal period between the adjourn-nent of the special session convened on Nov. 9, 1903, and the convening of the regular session on Dec. 7, the two sessions having merged. All the nomi-nations were sent to the senate later and confirmed, but the officers drew salaries for the time. The senate committee now decides they were not serv-SCOTI & DOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York ing under authority of law.

## PARTISAN PLAY STILL IN THE AIR

House Continues Juggling With Board of Equalization Bill.

EMERGENCY CLAUSE OUT LONG TERM IN PRISON SEVERAL MEASURES PASS WITH OUT OPPOSITION.

> There is just one chance that house bill No. 102, by Merrill, reconstructing the state board of equalization, will live to meet the ends of its supporters, namely, to create at once, before the legislature adjourns, a partisan board.

Whether or not the chance will pan out will be determined this afternoon when Kinney will call for a reconsideration of the vote by which the bill No sooner had this been granted than

The house, however, had a surpris up its sleeve, for it gave the bill less support than it had received Monday. This was not due altogether to

Tolton thought the bill should be supported as it was "only consistent with the partisan policy pursued in the partisan policy pursued in the partisan policy pursued in the extent, however, of voting for it himself. McCrea voted against the bill, saying that within the administrative bedies. while in administrative bodies, a partisan complexion aided in the transepresentation in such a body as the

state board of equalization.
Following the announcement of the cote—24 ayes and 12 nays, Kinney gave vote—24 ayes and 12 nays, Kinney gave notice of reconsideration. Wilson inquired as to how many times a bill might be reconsidered. Speaker Hull promised to look it up. A report is expected as soon as the bill passes with its emergency clause, which, from present indications, it will not.

On final passage, H. B. No. 102, with the partisan amendment was carried. he partisan amendment, was carried, ninus the emergency clause, by the

Ayes: Allen, Austin, Carroll, Chris-Ayes, Aieli, Austri, tensen, Dean, Fishburn. Johnson, Jones, Kinney. Kuchler, Luther, Lyman, Maughan, Merrill, Miller, Pace, Panter. Peterson. Richards, Roberts,

Nays: Anderson, A. V., Cottam, Cromar, Curtis, Daily, Hawley, Marks, McCrea, Stringham, Thompson, Tolton and Wilson—12. Absent: 9.

Hollingsworth's Bill Killed.

The lower house is not taking any chances on placing too much power in the hands of county commissioners, as evidenced by the vote of 16 to 21, by which senate bill No. 53, by Hollingsworth, failed yesterday afternoon. Later in the afternoon, Kuchler, who was one of the opponents of the bill, gave notice that he would move today for a reconsideration. Kuchler's action was out of courtesy to Senator. ask the house to reconsider its vote.

Hollingsworth's bill (substitute for S.

B. No. 25) proposed to empower boards of county commissioners to pass ordin-ances and make regulations and to enances and make regulations and to enforce obedience to such ordinances.
Considerable sentiment had been stirred up before the afternoon session and therefore Wilson's motion to strike out the enacting clause did not come as a suprpise. Wilson's motion was not favored because the majority of the house members choose to observe "legislative etiquette." The motion was subsequently withdrawn.
An explanation of the bill was called for, but apparently none of the committee on counties knew anything about it, or if anyone did he did not the serve to defend the weekly state of the server of for, but apparently none of the com-mittee on counties knew anything about it, or if anyone did he did not choose to defend the measure. Simons oved that the bill be re-committed in order that closer study might be given. His motion found no second.

On roll call, S. B. No. 53, lost by the following vote:

Ayes: Allen, Carroll, Cromar, Dean, Edward, Kinney, Luther, Maughan, Miller, Peterson, Richards, Simons, Stewart, Stringham, Tolton and Speaker Hull—16.

Navs: Anderson, A. V. Austin, Republican Representatives to Confer

Speaker Hull—16.
Nays: Anderson, A. V., Austin,
Christensen, Cottam, Curtin, Daily,
Fishburn, Hawley, Johnson, Jones,
Kuchler, Lyman, Marks, McCrea, Merrill. Pace, Panter, Roberts, Thompson,
Wilson and Wootton—21.

Passed Without Opposition. The following bills were passed yes-

terday by the house without opposition:
H. B. No. 159, by Marks, providing
for the collection of fees of county H. B. No. 163, by Marks, providing a sheriff's fee of \$1 for service of writ

H. B. No. 114, by Kinney, relating to change of venue of actions pending before justices of the peace; providing for the ceasing of jurisdiction of a jus-tice's court where none of the defendants in a case resided within the pre-cinct in which action is brought at the

time it was commenced. H. B. No. 176, by Marks, providing that poundkeepers must notify sheriffs as well as county clerks of all esays and trespassing animals. H. B. No. 175, by Hawley, making he bribing or attempt to bribe witness a felony instead of a misdemeanor.

Agree to Senate Amendments. The house concurred in senate

hat indelible pencils may be substi-uted for pen and ink at polling places, was recommitted to the committee on elections on motion of Marks. The ti-

le of the measure was defective. Art Bill Turned Down.

By the adoption of the report of the ommittee on education and art on S. No. 49, by Williams, yesterday, the buse turned down the proposition to reate a "purchasing committee" for he purpose of securing a state art col-ection. The list of reports presented and adopted follows:

Education and art: S. B. No. 49, by
Williams, providing for the purchase of

works of art and the appointment of a curchasing committee. Unfavorably re-ported. Education and Art: S. B. No. 59, by Bennion, providing that parents and guardians of children of certain ages be required to send them to school. Unfavorably reported.

Education and Art.—House bill No. 34, by Polyter realting to records and by Roberts, relating to records and re-

ports of district school boards. Recommended for passage.

Education and Art—House bill No. 85, relating to qualifications of teachers in the public schools. Unfavorably re-

Education and Art—House bill No. 124, by Cottam, providing means of additional school fund where county tax is insufficient. Recommended for passages.

Education and Art—House bill No. 144, by Marks, relating to school elections. Recommended for passage, Education and Art—House bill No. 145, by Marks, relating to the duties of teachers. Recommended for passage. teachers. Recommended for passage. Education and Art—House bill No. 146, by Marks, relating to the duties of ounty superintendents. Recommended

Salaries and Fees-House bill No. 107 by Joseph, providing that district judges may charge mileage and ex-penses when called to sit in cases outenses when called to sit in case ide of their districts. Unfavorably re-

Corporation Bills Favored.

Judiciary-House bill No. 223, by judiciary committee, relating to the pre-ferred and special stock and income certificates. Recommended for passage. Judiciary—House bill No. 203, by Fishburn, relating to the manner of making amendments to articles of in-corporations. Recommended for pas-

Judiciary-House bill No. 23, by Kin-

Judiciary—House bill No. 23, by Kinney, relating to the survival of actions. Unfavorably reported.

Judiciary—Senate bill No. 21, by Lawrence, providing for the kinds of property that may be taken by the rights of eminent domain. Unfavor-

nmittee on penitentiary and pri-appropriating the sum of \$3,500 ded to \$3,000), to David Wilcken or injuries in suppressing convictoreak. Recommended for passage. Ways and Means-House bill No. 190. committee on penitentiary and prins, appropriating the sum of \$2,500 mended to \$2,000) to Zebulon Jacobs

IMPROVEMENT BILL LOST.

feat in House.

the measure fell down.

In opening his argument in favor
the bill, McCrea alluded to the fact th
every member of the house except hi
self had been mailed a letter by t
Sait Lake Real Estate association,
which the bill was held as being again
the spirit of public improvements. Ku
ler expressed himself as against t
bill, while Fishburn. Cromar. Cotta
and Edward took the floor in its
yor.

pson-22 s-Carroll, Daily, Jones, Kinn er, Lyman, Maughan, Richa ts, Wilson and Speaker Hull-se bill No. 171, by Hawley, pro unishment for false representa riting of financial standing or was passed last night after M made an unsuccessful attempt

Boundary Bill Passes.

H. B. No. 165, by Marks, providing that possession of property recently stolen, not

Republican Representatives to Confer on Fishburn's Municipal Elec-

The majority members of the house will caucus at 1 o'clock this afternoon on Fishburn's bill (house bill No. 111), which proposes to change the time of all municipal elections so as to confo with the date of the general electi-Fishburn's measure has provoked mu discussion in Salt Lake owing to the fact that should it become a law the terms of the city council member would be extended to November, 1906. in this, many have professed to so joke, although Representative Fig. irn has stated on more than one oc

burn has stated on more than one occasion that his bill was drafted at the request of Box Elder constituents and that he had no thought of Salt Lake when he presented it.

The measure was originally introduced as house bill No. 53, which was subsequently withdrawn. No material changes have been made in No. 111, the intent being identical with that of the measure for which it was substituted. The bill seeks to make a financial sav-The bill seeks to make a financial savng by combining general and munici-cal elections in all incorporated cities and towns of the state. Today's caucus was announced by

TEA ALL APPRECIATIVE
TO A DRINKERS DRINK.

THE PROPOSITION OF THE PROP TEA ALL APPRECIATIVE



Speaker Hull just before adjournment yesterday. Owing to the fact that the caucus will probably consume over an sweeping and will work a hardship of

NEW MEDICAL BILL

House bill No. 122, by Kinney, the doctor bill" which is supported by very regular physician of Salt Lake and the state board of medical exam iners, is being hotly opposed by the Christian Scientist "healers" and os eopaths. The particular point of the

teopaths. The particular point of the measure with which the hosts of "healers" take issue is in the definition of "practicing medicine," in section 11. This section reads as follows:

Any person shall be regarded as practicing medicine within the meaning of this title who shall diagnose, treat, operate upon, prescribe or advise for, any physical ailment of another for a fee, or who shall hold himself out by means of signs, cards, advertisements, or otherwise, as a physician or surgeon; but nothing in this title shall be construed to prohibit services in case of emergency, or the administration of family remedes, nor to prevent medical officers of the United States army from the discharge of their official duties, nor to prohibit visiting physicians in the act of harge of their official duties, nor rohibit visiting physicians in the act onsultation,

add this clause, which they propos at a meeting of the public health com-mittee Monday night:
"Nor shall it apply to members of

Christian churches who heal only through prayer or spiritual means. who use no medical nor surgical mean whatever." Representative Kinney, the author

proposition 'Tis easy to heal, but not to live by prayer," seems to be their belief," remarked Mr. Kinney. "The fee for prayer is \$1 per hour."

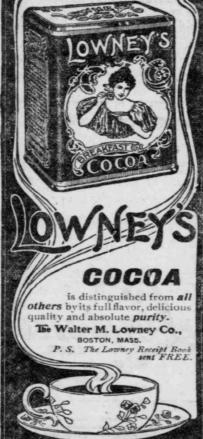
and Elmer B. Jones. Section 11 is not new legislation, the bill's purpose being simply to provide for lan impartia hearing by the state board of medica examiners before physicians' license or certificates may be revoked.

HUNTERS DIFFER AS TO DUCK BILL

The house committee on fish and game held a special meeting after ad-journment yesterday, at which were resent a number of restaurateurs an sportsmen who are opposed to the pas-sage of senate bill No. 55, by Callister The measure has evoked criticism pri narily because of the "anti-market-

Swollen WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS.
MUNYON, Philadelphia

Lumbago S tiff and



Would Bring To Salt Lake

Hard to do housework with an ach-Hours of misery-at leisure or at

Backache pains come from sick kid-Doan's Kidney Pills will cure it. Salt Lake City people will endorse

retired, residence 212½ South State street, gays: "For twelve or thirteen years I knew that my kidneys were not in the best of shape and after an attack of the grip in the winter of 1901 my surmising proved to be true, for the sharp main across my loins become the sharp pain across my loins became so pronounced that I could neither stoop nor straighten after stooping without suffering. I noticed that my without suffering. I noticed that my head ached very severely and that when in the violent stage dimness of vision occurred. I tried everything in my power to check the cause and spent lots of money for physicians' treatment, but all my endeavors were futile. I was induced to try Doan's Kidney Pills and went to the F. J. Hill Drug Co.'s store for a box. To say that the treatment surprised me is putting it very mildly. Relief came in a few days and a short time afterward all the symptoms of kidney complaint dis-

the symptoms of kidney complaint disappeared."

For sale by all dealers, Price 50 cents, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States: Remember the name-Doan's-and

our, the house will not convene today all except "millionaire duck hunters."

Charles Patterson, president of the Duckville club, and a member of the Bailey Lake Gun club; James Knud-sen, R. Kaiser and H. L. Finch, were among those who appeared before the nittee. All took practically the stand on the following points: Warden John Sharp that native ducks were becoming exterminated was erroneous; that the proposed bill would not act toward the preservation of ducks, but would simply result in the regular limit bag being made, and the eliminate the "small" hunter an confine the shooting of ducks to a class of persons able to stand the expense of hunting without any income from the sale of birds. No definite conclusion was arrived at by the committee. It was stated las:

night that another meeting would b City Attorney Haigh a Visitor. David M. Haigh, city attorney of ssion yesterday as the guest of Rep resentative McCrea. Mr. Haigh has recently recovered from a serious attack

of typhoid fever.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills Must Bear Signature of

Breuks pod

SEE FAC-SIMILE WRAPPER BELOW. Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. TTLE FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TORPIN LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION Price 25 Cents Purely Vegetable. Stertifor

DO YOU EVER HAVE

ten minutes. We make a specialty of providing for just such

*SCHRAMM'S* 

Where the Cars Stop

The Great Prescription

Drug Store.

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO. OF AMERICA.

HOME OFFICE: NEWARK, N. J. Profit-Sharing Life Insurance for Both J. M. SETTLE, General Agent Rooms 200-203, Progress Bldg., SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.



Drunkenness Cured A positive and permanent cure for drunkenness and the oplum diseases. There is no publicity, no sickness. Ladies treated as privately as at their own homes. The Keeley Institute, 334 W. So Temple, Salt Lake City. Utah.



PAYTHE CREDITOR



Weak Men If you suffer from any of the weaknesses or diseases caused by ignorance, excess or contagion YOU ARE THE VERY PERSON WE WANT TO TALK TO.
We have proves our skill in curing CHRONIC diseases by publishing many voluntary testimonials from home people, giving names

We cure you first and then ask a REASON-ABLE FHE when you are cured. You can depend upon our word, thousands of patients have indorsed us. NOW WE WANT TO CURE YOU with the distinct understanding that we will not demand a FEE until we cure you. This applies to Lost Manhood, Seminal Weakness, Spermaiorrhoea, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Varicocele, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Unnatural Losses, Contracted Disorders, Stricture, etc., Contagious Blood Poison and all natural Losses, Contracted Disorders, Stric-ure, etc., Contagious Blood Poison, and all WEAKNESSES of men. OFFICA HOURS: 9a.m. to 5 p.m.; Evenings 7 to 8; Sundays and holidays, 10 a.m. to 12.

Pay When Cured

Millions who were sick---like you, perhaps--n are well today because of Liquozone. Who else will try it--free?

WE CAN'T PUBLISH OUR CURES IN PRIVATE DISEASES

ecause it would betray confidence. Hence e have to prove our skill in this class of troues in another way. This is our plan:

Liquozone has done. The evidence is oxygen—is life to an animal but deadl everywhere. And it is so the world to vegetal matter. over, for the sick of nine nations are using Liquozone now. Yet thousands of people are still using drugs to cure germ troubles. We want those thousands to rove. It is the only way known to king germs in the body without killing the dissues, too. Any drug that kills germ is a poison and it cannot be taken in

We Paid \$100,000

For the American right to Liquozone the highest price ever paid for any discovery used in the cure of sickness. We did this after testing Liquozone for two years, through physicians and hostility of the proof difference of the part difference pitals, in thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable. The product is now used the world over in the treatment of germ diseases. In millions of nomes it has done, and is doing, what nedicine cannot do.

medicine cannot do.

The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas. No drugs, no alcohol—nothing but gas enters into it. The process of making takes fourteen days, and requires immense apparatus. Then we get one cubic inch of Liquozone for each 1,250 cubic inches of gas used. This process has, for more than twenty years, been the constant subject of scientific and the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. chemical research.

The result is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. Yet it is not only harmless but

Three million homes in America have some one whom Liquozone has cured. That is one home in five. Half the people you meet know something of what Liquozone has done. The avidence is There lies the great value of Liqu

sands to write us. We want to prove, by actual test, what Liquozone can do.

We Paid \$100,000

is a poison, and it cannot be taken it ternally. For that reason, medicine almost helpless in any germ diseas while Liquozone is almost certain. Germ Diseases.

the germs which cause a disease are de

Asthma Abscess—Anaemia Bronchitis Blood Poison Bright's Disease Bowel Troubles Coughs—Colds Catarrh-Cancer Dysentery
Diarrhea
Jandruff—Dropsy
Dyspepsia
Eczema—Erysipelas
Fevers—Gall Stones

Hay Fever
Inflæenza
Kidney Diseases
La Grippe
Leucorrhea
Liver Troubles
Malaria—Neuralgia
Many Heart Troubles
Piles—Pneumonia
Pleurisy—Quinsy
Rheumatism
Scrofula—Syphills
Skin Diseases
Stomach Troubles
Tuberculosis
Tumors—Ulcers
Varicocele

somed blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drug-can do.

50c. Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and ha never tried it, please send us this c pon. We will then mail you an or on a local druggist for a full-size b tle, and we will pay the druggist selves for it. This is our free gift, These are the known germ diseases.

All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone attacks. o convince you; to show you wh day, for it places you under no oblig

CUT OUT THIS COUPON for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to "The Liquozone Company," 458-464 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is ... I have never tried Liquozotic, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free . will take it.

Give full address. Write plainly.

duction of evidence to recover on property not assessed.

Senate bill No. 104, by Hollingsworth, requiring life insurance companies to make annual statements and to keep their assets equal to the net value of outstanding obligations.

Judge, Armstrong concluded that he ought to have a long term to reflect on his evil ways and to formulate a scheme of reform that would prove more effective than his efforts to improve his conduct in the past.

Jan. 21, 1905. Barnett forged the name ably reported.
Salaries and Fees—House bill No. 155, the bill, inquired if the "healers" would consent to the words "provided no fee shall be charged" being added to the proposed amendment. The opponents of the bill, however, object to the antitheir assets equal to the net value of outstanding obligations.

Senate bill No. 20, by Callister, govor P. J. Moran to two checks drawn ance of the measure passing with the emergency clause and confided that he was of the opinion that sufficient memof P. J. Moran to two checks drawn on the State Bank of Utah, and made payable to W. H. Deming. Each of the checks was for \$10. One was passed on C. Cowan and the other on Robert on C. Cowan and the other on Robert for C. Cowan and the other for C. Cowan and the other on Robert for C. Cowan and the other for C. Cow by Kinney, relating to the fees of pre-cinct officers. Recommended for paserning the operations of foreign corpo-rations doing business in the state. Senate bill No. 22, by Park, fixing a Salaries and Fees-House bill No. 168, by Edward, relating to the compensapenalty for the unauthorized produc-tion of dramatic plays and musical ion of county commissioners. Recomfiended for passage. Salaries and Fees-House bill No. 126. Senate bill No. 103, by Hollingsworth, forgery pending against Barnett, but these will be dismissed, as the officers of the law deem that his punishment All looked well. y Hawley, relating to regulating the alaries of county officers. Recom-nended for passage. Among those who have appeared be-fore the committee on public health to oppose the Kinney bill are S. B. Coates prohibiting discrimination by life in-surance companies in favor of Indi-Measure Loses Support. of twenty years is sufficient for Senate bill No. 118, by McKay, placrimes he has committed since his re-Guards' Claims Favored. lease from the penitentiary. Ways and Means-House bill No. 186,

njured in suppressing convict break Recommended for passage.

McCrea Measure Goes Down to De-

All the supporters of the bill took the

tion Bill.

mendments as follows:
H. J. M. No. 4, by Austin, asking ongress for grant of land for a state



What a Heap of Happiness City Homes.

> If women only knew the cause Mrs. H. Haynes, wife of H. Haynes

> > remarkably helpful. The effects are ex- Goitre-Gout